

San Diego Chapter of the Special Interest Group Ada



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OUTLINE

- Defense Department programming language objectives
- An unofficial view of warfighting software
- Future trends in programming languages



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The Here and Now

- We are unlikely to return to the programming language jungle of the 1970s without aggressive mismanagement on the part of DOD.
- Proprietary implementations of compilers can still cause major headaches later.
- “Later” is not on the scopes of many DOD IT organizations.
- Just because you **cannot** buy COTS for many military-specific applications does not mean that COTS is still not the “preferred solution.”



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DOD Programming Language Objectives

- **Reliability**

Software used to kill people and break things **MUST** be reliable.

- **Maintainability**

Despite the rapid rate of change in commercial software applications, custom-coded, DOD warfighting software will continue to have long lifecycles.

Increasingly, weapon upgrades are software based.

- **Reuse**

Reuse at the function/procedure library level is the realistic target.

- **Portability**

The DOD will remain a heterogeneous computing environment.



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Reliability

- Research in the academic community demonstrates that programming language characteristics can significantly limit the nature and scope of errors.
- Significant risk avoidance can be achieved by using commercially available compilers for which there is an established track record for errors common to a particular language.
- ex. overwriting main memory addresses.
- Standardized compilers, those whose compliance to a standard has actually been validated by testing against a standard suite, pose the least risk in terms of reliability.



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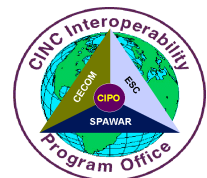
Maintainability

- Programming language characteristics, programming style and the problem domain all impact on the future maintainability of the code.
- Compilers which adhere to a standard and which prohibit subsets or supersets of the standard, reduce the learning curve for maintenance programmers.
- Language readability greatly enhances maintainability.
- Strongly typed languages are easier to trace and therefore to maintain.
- Published style guides facilitate understanding the source code by other than the original code developers.



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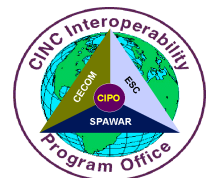
Reuse

- Reuse at the function/procedure library level is the realistic target.
- Commonly used libraries decrease risk since errors may have surfaced in earlier employment of the library function.
- Libraries which only have publicly available APIs are riskier since the complete functionality of a library package may not be verifiable without a complete review of the source code.
- Major non-technical issues associated with reuse.



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Portability

- DOD will remain a heterogeneous computing environment.
- Compilers that do not adhere to any recognized standard such as those of the IEEE or the ISO are often tied to a single hardware/OS platform.
- Additionally, commercial compilers often include powerful, but non-standard extensions.

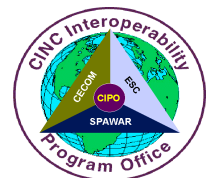
Early estimates of portability may be achieved by recompiling the source code using another vendor's compiler targeted for the same OS/hardware platform as the first compiler. This will largely identify the use of non-standard constructs.

Portability between operating systems can be measured early by recompiling the source code with a compiler targeted for another operating system. This will identify the use of OS-specific system calls.



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Warfighting Software: An Unofficial View

- Clearly, this is the software that the Defense Community is most concerned with.
- Warfighting software is not COTS.
- In my view, any system that can affect battlefield performance is a warfighting system.
- It is more than just embedded systems. Information systems (such as the Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System) will interact between both embedded systems and warfighters.



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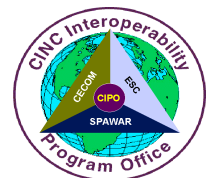
Non-warfighting software

- A BOQ reservation system that is unreliable is inconvenient, but not a war stopper.
- Military requirements for non-warfighting custom software should be minimal.
- Just because a system operates strictly in a CONUS garrison environment does not mean it is not a warfighting system.
- Example: a personnel mobilization system that can erroneously list a reservist as being hospitalized for minor surgery for three continuous years denies a warfighting asset to a theater of operations.



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A viable Ada infrastructure is a military necessity

- “Fifty million lines of Ada warfighting code will become a liability without a robust Ada infrastructure.”
- What happens when artillery fire control systems cannot be modified because the software is not maintainable?
- What happens when a tank’s targeting system has to be updated due to unexpectedly extreme climactic conditions?
- Inability to quickly and adequately maintain combat systems is a potential war stopper.



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Reliability Counts

- A one degree error at a range of 40 kilometers equals a 700 meter lateral deviation.
- The precision engagement imperative of Joint Vision 2010 requires high reliability.



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Lifecycle considerations

- **Military software systems continue to have long lifecycles.**
- **Software maintenance is still the greatest software cost over the software lifecycle.**
- **Ada virtually always wins cost comparisons when maintenance is considered.**



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Future Trends

- Programming at higher levels of abstraction.

Reuse through common, standard libraries.

- Increase in distributed computing.
- A greater focus on software maintenance.
- Ada as a teaching language.



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Programming at higher levels of abstraction.

- Language generations:
(machine language through 4GLs.)
- Non-brittle CASE tools.
- Standardized reuse libraries.
- Emphasis moving from coding to design.
New paradigms, mixed paradigms.



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Increased distributed computing support in programming languages

- Distributed programming support built-in.
- Distributed programming constructs at higher levels of abstraction.
- Increased emphasis on open systems.
Systems that are both reactive and modular.
- Increased use of middleware in the short term, use of programming languages which do not need middleware in the long term.



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Software Maintenance

- DOD cost estimates for maintenance over the software lifecycle range from 67% to more than 90%.
- Like automobiles, long term utilization increases the overall return on investment.
- Fewer new weapons starts means we will upgrade and modernize the systems we have fielded.
- We can verify the existence of fifty million lines of Ada code in critical warfighting systems.



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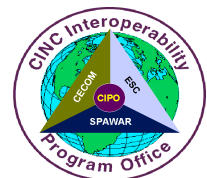
Final Observations on Trends

- **Common commercial programming languages will evolve to meet military requirements.**
- **Software maintenance requirements will dictate the use of public standard languages.**
- **3GL-style programming languages will look more and more like Ada.**
- **CASE/4GLs will evolve to general-purpose usefulness, but this will take longer than people expect.**



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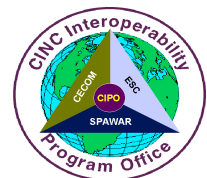
Ada 95 Today

- Ada usage in the DOD impressive, the M1A2 tank, the Aegis system, the F-22 are Ada systems.
- Ada is alive and well in our warfighting systems.
- For the Defense Department this essentially means that the Ada debate is moot.
- Ada will be playing a key role in the Defense Department well into the 21st century.



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Ada 95 vs. C++

- This is the wrong question on a variety of levels.
- First, the clear trend in programming languages is towards higher levels of abstraction.
- This trend really works against C and that is one reason why the use of C is declining.
- Higher levels of abstraction supported in C++ are notoriously non-standard. A very interesting illustration of this problem appears in the May, 1997 issue of CrossTalk



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COTS is a Lie

- COTS applications are often brittle, proprietary and incomplete.
- We cannot buy weapons systems off the shelf.
- Modifying commercial applications through the use of custom code is often the worst of both worlds.
- We will not win wars through superior word processing.



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Reliability is Important

- **Commercial software standards are NOT good enough.**
- **A 700 meter range error can easily kill US/Allied soldiers.**
- **Software that works 99% of the time built using “commercial best practices” will not impress a Gold Star Mother.**



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Military Conclusions

- **We must not put our servicemen and women into harm's way without providing them the most reliable systems.**
- **We must protect the significant and successful Ada investments the DOD has already made.**
- **When we think war and warfighting software, reliability, maintainability and high assurance must be at the forefront. That is why Ada 95 is the right choice for warfighting software.**



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Conclusions

- We are unlikely to see a return of a programming language mandate.
- Programming language selection should be an *engineering* decision.
- When engineering criteria such as reliability, maintainability, reuse and portability are considered, Ada 95 will often emerge as a clear winner.
- Do not underestimate the influence of trade journals and pundits on DoD policy.
- *Publicized* success of Ada in non-government related activities most likely to influence DoD decisionmakers.



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